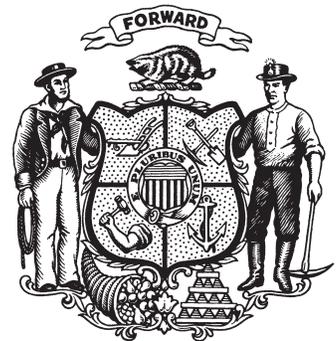


# A STUDY GUIDE TO THE 1999-2000 WISCONSIN BLUE BOOK



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# A STUDY GUIDE TO THE 1999-2000 WISCONSIN BLUE BOOK

## INTRODUCTION

Who reportedly was the first European to visit Wisconsin? Which state park has the most visitors? What percentage of your county's eligible voters voted for governor in the last election? Who represents you in the state senate and the state assembly?

The answers to these and many other questions can be found in the *1999-2000 Wisconsin Blue Book*, the biennial almanac of Wisconsin facts. The latest edition of the book includes biographies and pictures of elected state officers and legislators, a detailed description of Wisconsin state government, the text of the Wisconsin Constitution, information on the three branches of government, election results, and a wide variety of statistical information. In addition to the standardized information, the book also presents a feature article by UW Professor Norman K. Risjord on "Ten Events That Shaped Wisconsin's History".

**Studying state government.** State law directs that, in so far as possible, the *Blue Book* should be useful for civic classes in schools. The Legislative Reference Bureau, which publishes the *Blue Book*, also provides a companion study guide designed for classroom use. This particular guide is designed to acquaint students with the content of the *1999-2000 Blue Book*, while helping them appreciate the many reasons Wisconsinites take pride in their state. The goal of these publications is to give pupils a clearer understanding of the importance of government in their daily lives and how they can become productive Wisconsin citizens.

**History of the *Blue Book*.** In its early years, the *Blue Book* was primarily a manual and reference book designed for legislators' use. Over the years, it developed into a data and information source for the general public.

On January 14, 1853, the Assembly of the Wisconsin Legislature adopted an unnumbered resolution calling for the printing of "750 copies of the rules of this house . . . together with such statistical matter as . . . will be useful to the assembly." From this humble beginning, the *Blue Book* has evolved into a biennial publication, approximately 1,000 pages in length, with a statewide distribution of about 70,000 copies.

Although the book has always been bound in blue, it was not officially known as the "Blue Book" until the 1879 edition used the words in its title, as required by the legislature in Special Session Chapter 2, Laws of 1878. Since that time, "Blue Book" has always been part of the official name, although exact titles have varied slightly over the years.

Except for a gap in publication between 1853 and 1859, the *Blue Book* was printed annually from 1859 to 1882 and biennially after 1883, the year the legislature went to biennial sessions. From 1883 to 1937, the book was issued in odd-numbered years; from 1940 to 1970, in even-numbered years; and since 1971, in odd-numbered years.

Through the years, production of the *Blue Book* has been the responsibility of different agencies. The first edition in 1853 was prepared under the direction of the speaker of the assembly. Later editions were compiled by the assembly chief clerk or the chief clerks of both houses of the legislature. When publication of the book was officially authorized by state law in Chapter 20, Laws of 1866, the secretary of state was designated as its editor. From 1901 to

1929, the Bureau of Labor and Industrial Statistics, the Industrial Commission, and the State Printing Board successively produced the book.

Since 1929, the biennial editions have been prepared by the Wisconsin Legislative Reference Bureau (LRB). The bureau is a nonpartisan service agency of the Wisconsin Legislature, responsible for bill drafting, reference, research and library services, as well as compiling the *Wisconsin Blue Book*. The LRB originated in 1901, when the legislature authorized the Free Library Commission to maintain “a working library” in the state capitol “for the use and information of the legislature, the several state departments, and such other citizens as may desire to consult with same.” The agency was called the Legislative Reference Library until 1963 when it was separated from the commission and became a legislative service agency under the direction of the Joint Committee on Legislative Organization, a statutory committee of the legislature.

Over the years, the LRB has consistently worked to improve the quality of the *Blue Book* in order to help readers better understand the State of Wisconsin. The LRB would appreciate hearing your comments about the *Blue Book* or this study guide, including ways to make each of them more useful.

## PART ONE – USING THE *BLUE BOOK*

Part One of this study guide presents questions related to the *1999-2000 Blue Book*, which are designed to acquaint the reader with the contents of the book. Section A provides an overview of the book; Section B contains a series of fill-in-the-blank questions that follow the format of the book; and Section C challenges the reader to research answers to random questions.

### A. AN OVERVIEW OF THE BOOK

1. What are the pages for the Table of Contents? (Pages are indicated by roman numerals.)

\_\_\_\_\_

2. Make a brief outline of the *1999-2000 Blue Book* for your easy reference by listing the 12 major sections and their beginning pages. (The sections are listed in capital letters in the Table of Contents.)

Section Name	Page
a. _____	_____
b. _____	_____
c. _____	_____
d. _____	_____
e. _____	_____
f. _____	_____
g. _____	_____
h. _____	_____
i. _____	_____
j. _____	_____
k. _____	_____
l. _____	_____

3. A handy tool for locating information about key elected state officials is the Alphabetical Index to Biographies (pages 2-3). Use it to find page numbers for the following officials:

- a. State Representative Sarah Waukau (the newest legislator) \_\_\_\_\_
- b. Supreme Court Justice David T. Prosser, Jr. \_\_\_\_\_
- c. U.S. Representative Tammy Baldwin (Wisconsin's first woman representative in Congress) \_\_\_\_\_
- d. State Superintendent of Public Instruction John T. Benson \_\_\_\_\_

4. The detailed Alphabetical Index at the end of the book can help you answer many questions. Use it to find page numbers for the following:

- a. Salaries of state officers \_\_\_\_\_
- b. State veterinarian \_\_\_\_\_
- c. Election statistics for governor and lieutenant governor, by ward \_\_\_\_\_
- d. List of newspapers in Wisconsin \_\_\_\_\_
- e. BadgerCare Program \_\_\_\_\_

**B. QUESTIONS GROUPED BY BLUE BOOK SECTIONS**

**Biographies (pages 1-98)**

One of the most useful parts of the *Blue Book* is the Biographies section containing the biographies and photos of elected state officials. Do you know the names of your state senator and state representative and the important biographical information about each? This section will provide the answers. It also contains maps of the U.S. congressional, state senate, and state assembly districts.

1. The name of the Attorney General of Wisconsin is \_\_\_\_\_.
2. The two U.S. Senators from Wisconsin are \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_. Which political party do they represent? \_\_\_\_\_
3. There are \_\_\_\_ (number) members of the U.S. House of Representatives from Wisconsin. How many are Democrats? \_\_\_\_\_ How many are Republicans? \_\_\_\_\_ What is your Congressional District? \_\_\_\_\_ Who is your U.S. Representative? \_\_\_\_\_
4. Each legislative house elects someone who is not a legislator to serve as its sergeant at arms. The sergeant at arms performs many functions for the house, including maintaining order in and about the chambers and supervision of legislative messengers. The Assembly Sergeant at Arms is \_\_\_\_\_. The Senate Sergeant at Arms is \_\_\_\_\_.
5. Using the maps on pages 89-92, answer the following:
  - a. Bayfield County is located in the \_\_\_\_\_ Senate District.
  - b. Marinette County is located in the \_\_\_\_\_ Assembly District.
  - c. The 25th Assembly District is located in which part of the state (north, south, east, west)? \_\_\_\_\_
6. What is your senate district \_\_\_\_\_ and assembly district \_\_\_\_\_? What are the other two assembly districts that make up your senate district? \_\_\_\_\_
7. Wisconsin has six constitutional executive officers. Which one of them is not elected on a political party basis? \_\_\_\_\_
8. Each house elects its own presiding officer. The Senate President is \_\_\_\_\_. The Assembly Speaker is \_\_\_\_\_.
9. The judicial branch is headed by the Wisconsin Supreme Court, composed of seven justices. Name the justice who was reelected in 1999. \_\_\_\_\_

**Feature Article (pages 99-148)**

Each edition of the *Blue Book* contains an in-depth feature article on a topic of current interest. The following questions relate to the 1999-2000 feature article. In some cases, page numbers are given to help you answer them.

1. The feature article in the 1999-2000 *Blue Book* is \_\_\_\_\_  
written by \_\_\_\_\_

2. The huge sheet of ice, which covered two-thirds of Wisconsin thousands of years ago, literally shaped the state's geography. It was called the \_\_\_\_\_.

3. Name the person who, besides being elected territorial delegate to Congress in 1838 and later appointed territorial governor, was the prime mover in getting the legislature to name Madison as the capital city. \_\_\_\_\_

4. Chester Hazen built the first \_\_\_\_\_ factory in Wisconsin.

5. Name the book, published in 1912 and written by Charles R. McCarthy, which summarized the progressive reforms pioneered in Wisconsin. \_\_\_\_\_

6. Why was Joshua Glover sent to jail? \_\_\_\_\_  
How did he get out? \_\_\_\_\_.

7. In what year was the first brewery established in Milwaukee? \_\_\_\_\_

8. Why was the white pine tree the "primary target" of Wisconsin lumbermen during the 19th century?

9. What did explorers like Jean Nicolet hope to find west of Wisconsin?

### Wisconsin Constitution (pages 149-200)

Like the U.S. Constitution and other state constitutions, the Wisconsin Constitution is a document that outlines the structure, principles, and purposes of government. It also sets forth the basic rights of Wisconsin citizens. The *Blue Book* contains the text of the Wisconsin Constitution, as amended since its adoption in 1848. It also lists the votes cast on all constitutional amendments, as well as all the statewide referendum questions that have been submitted to the voters since statehood.

1. The Wisconsin Constitution contains \_\_\_\_\_ (how many) separate articles.

2. Article III provides that every U.S. citizen age \_\_\_\_\_ or older who is a resident of an election district in this state is a \_\_\_\_\_ elector of that district.

3. Article X, Section 3, permits the state to authorize the release of students during regular school hours for the purpose of religious instruction. When was this section amended to allow released time for students? \_\_\_\_\_

4. With the help of the table of contents on pages 150-151, identify the following provisions by article and section numbers:

a. Establishes the procedure for choosing representatives to the Wisconsin Assembly.  
\_\_\_\_\_

b. Governor's authority to veto legislative bills. \_\_\_\_\_

c. The right of free speech. \_\_\_\_\_

d. Procedure for recalling (removing) elected county officials. \_\_\_\_\_

e. Duties and term of office for the Superintendent of Public Instruction.  
\_\_\_\_\_

f. The right of municipalities to determine their local affairs (“home rule”).

g. Procedure for proposing and ratifying amendments to the Wisconsin Constitution.

5. At the end of the Wisconsin Constitution section there are two tables. The first lists the history of all constitutional \_\_\_\_\_. The second lists all statewide \_\_\_\_\_ elections.

6. According to the amendment table, the most recent constitutional vote took place in what month? \_\_\_\_\_ Did the voters approve the measure? \_\_\_\_\_

7. Wisconsin voters are sometimes asked to vote on referendum questions that allow the legislature to test public opinion on various laws or policies of statewide interest. Since 1848, the Wisconsin Legislature has presented \_\_\_\_\_ referendum questions to the Wisconsin electorate. (Note: It is not necessary to count all the referenda. Check the boxed summary on page 200.)

8. The most recent referendum questions were presented to the electorate in \_\_\_\_\_ (date) and dealt with the subject of \_\_\_\_\_.

**Framework of Wisconsin Government (pages 201-210)**

A citizen of Wisconsin is governed by at least six separate units of government: 1) the United States; 2) the State of Wisconsin; 3) a county; 4) a municipality (city, village, or town); 5) a technical college district; and 6) a school district. The Framework of Wisconsin Government section helps the reader understand these different types of government, and how they interact.

1. The *Blue Book* offers the map of the state offices in the central Madison area (page 203). If you want to visit the Department of Health and Family Services, it will help you to know its address is \_\_\_\_\_ and its location number is \_\_\_\_\_.

2. Note that there is a listing for the headquarters of the State Historical Society of Wisconsin at \_\_\_\_\_, but the State Historical Society Museum is at \_\_\_\_\_.

3. Use the state government organizational chart (pages 208-209), to answer the following questions:

a. The executive branch is headed by the \_\_\_\_\_, the legislative branch is headed by the \_\_\_\_\_, and the judicial branch is headed by the \_\_\_\_\_.

b. The branch of government with the most subunits is the \_\_\_\_\_ branch.

c. Name two administrative departments in the executive branch (indicated by a rectangle) that are headed by a part-time board.

d. In addition to the administrative departments, there also are agencies (indicated by a circle), that are not part of a department. These are called \_\_\_\_\_ agencies. One such agency, headed by a full-time commission is the \_\_\_\_\_.

e. What independent agency is headed by a single commissioner? \_\_\_\_\_

f. The Bradley Center Sports and Entertainment Corporation oversees the Bradley Center, home of the Milwaukee Bucks. It is identified in the chart with a triangle. That means it is organized as a \_\_\_\_\_ corporation.

4. The basic unit of local government in Wisconsin is the town. (Other states call them "townships" but Wisconsin does not use that term.) Wisconsin has \_\_\_\_ (number) towns, each headed by a town \_\_\_\_\_. The usual number of town supervisors on the board is \_\_\_\_\_.

5. Cities and villages are incorporated (created) from territory that originally was part of a town. There currently are \_\_\_\_ cities and \_\_\_\_ villages in Wisconsin.

6. There are \_\_\_\_\_ (number) school districts in the state. Each district is headed by an elected \_\_\_\_\_.

### Legislative Branch (pages 211-270)

The legislative branch of Wisconsin state government includes a bicameral (two-house) legislature, composed of the state senate and the state assembly, plus the staff employed by each house and the service agencies created to assist the legislature.

1. Every 10 years, after the official U.S. Census, Wisconsin's legislative districts are redrawn to reflect population changes. This process is called reapportionment or redistricting. The U.S. Constitution requires that the districts be as equal in population as possible. Using the table for the 1990 legislative district populations (pages 222-223), answer the following questions about the districts used to elect the 1999 Legislature:

- a. \_\_\_\_\_ Population of the "ideal" assembly district.
- b. \_\_\_\_\_ Population of your assembly district.
- c. \_\_\_\_\_ Population of the "ideal" senate district.
- d. \_\_\_\_\_ Population of your senate district.

2. Committees in each house of the legislature may hold public hearings on bills (proposed laws). They also may submit action recommendations to the full house. Each committee is headed by a chairperson who is usually a member of the majority party in that house. Name the respective chairpersons of the 1999 Senate and Assembly Committees on Education.

\_\_\_\_\_

3. In addition to each legislator's personal staff, a number of legislative agencies provide research and technical assistance to the legislature as a whole. These agencies are nonpartisan, that is, they serve all legislators regardless of their party. Identify the agency from the brief description given.

- a. The \_\_\_\_\_ produces the biennial edition of the Wisconsin Statutes.
- b. The \_\_\_\_\_ drafts all legislative proposals, provides research to the legislature and citizens of Wisconsin, operates a library open to the public, and compiles the *Blue Book*.
- c. The \_\_\_\_\_, operating through a committee system, studies various problems of government and recommends appropriate legislative changes.
- d. The \_\_\_\_\_ reviews the accounts of all state agencies at least once every five years and evaluates state programs as directed by the legislature.
- e. The \_\_\_\_\_ provides budget and program analysis to the Joint Committee on Finance.
- f. The \_\_\_\_\_ provides informational technology support to both legislators and other legislative agencies.

4. The 1999 Legislature and the five prior ones are profiled on page 224, as of inauguration day. (Changes that occur during the biennium are not included.)

- a. \_\_\_\_\_ Number of women serving in the 1999 Legislature.
- b. \_\_\_\_\_ Average age of a state representative in the 1999 Legislature.
- c. \_\_\_\_\_ Number of representatives newly elected to the Assembly in the 1999 Legislature.
- d. \_\_\_\_\_ Of the six legislatures listed, the one with the least number of Republican senators.
- e. \_\_\_\_\_ Number of attorneys in the 1999 Legislature.
- f. \_\_\_\_\_ Number of 1999 legislators who had served on a municipal board.
- g. \_\_\_\_\_ Number of senators who previously served in the Assembly.

5. Political parties play an important role in the legislature. Within each house there are a majority leader and assistant majority leader plus a minority leader and assistant minority leader. The role of the leadership is to encourage members to cooperate and support the party's legislative program.

- a. The 1999 Senate Majority Leader is \_\_\_\_\_.
- b. The 1999 Senate Minority Leader is \_\_\_\_\_.
- c. The 1999 Assembly Majority Leader is \_\_\_\_\_.
- d. The 1999 Assembly Minority Leader is \_\_\_\_\_.

6. Each member of the 1999 Wisconsin Legislature receives an annual salary of \_\_\_\_\_. Name one other form of compensation that a legislator receives (page 216).

7. Answer the following questions concerning the past legislatures (page 232). (For more information on Wisconsin's famous Progressive Party, see pages 799-800.)

- a. Number of Progressives in the legislature during the 1937 session.  
\_\_\_\_\_
- b. Number of Progressives in the legislature during the 1947 session.  
\_\_\_\_\_

8. To understand the legislative process, it is essential to know how an idea can be transformed into a bill and how a bill becomes a law (pages 225-230).

a. What is the first step a legislative proposal undergoes before it is introduced as a bill?  
\_\_\_\_\_

b. A \_\_\_\_\_ (2 words) puts a "price tag" on the proposal. Every measure that increases or decreases state or local government revenues or expenditures must receive one of these.

c. After a bill is passed by both houses of the legislature, it is \_\_\_\_\_ (a verb meaning a clean final copy of the measure is prepared) and sent to the \_\_\_\_\_.

d. If a bill is vetoed in whole or part by the governor, the parts vetoed are sent back to \_\_\_\_\_. A bill may become law despite the objections of the governor, but a \_\_\_\_\_ vote is required in each house of the legislature to override the veto.

e. Each new law passed is numbered as a Wisconsin Act, based on the year of the legislative session and its order of enactment, e.g., 1999 Wisconsin Act 1. All the laws enacted during the legislative biennium are combined by the Legislative Reference Bureau into bound volumes, called the \_\_\_\_\_.

9. The *Blue Book* contains a summary of significant legislation that passed or failed to pass during the 1997 legislative session (pages 265-270). Answer the following by listing the appropriate act or bill number.

a. This act made changes in the state's truancy laws. \_\_\_\_\_

b. This act created the BadgerCare Program, a health plan for low-income families.  
\_\_\_\_\_

c. This act increased the authority of the Department of Workforce Development to establish and enforce obligations to pay child support, family support, and spousal support.  
\_\_\_\_\_

d. This act requires each school board to adopt a code to govern pupils' classroom conduct and authorizes a teacher to remove from the room a dangerous, disruptive, or unruly pupil or a pupil who has violated the code. \_\_\_\_\_

e. This act requires the Department of Public Instruction to develop a high school graduation examination to be administered by each school district. \_\_\_\_\_

10. Locate the write-up for the Joint Legislative Council's Special Committee on School Discipline and Safety and briefly describe its major objectives.  
\_\_\_\_\_

### Executive Branch (pages 271-514)

The executive branch carries out the programs and policies that have been authorized by the legislative branch. It is responsible for the day-to-day services offered by state government. It consists of officers specified by the constitution (such as the Office of the Governor) and numerous administrative departments, independent agencies, and authorities, which are created by the legislature. The organization chart of Wisconsin state government (pages 208-209), provides an overview of these units.

1. The following questions relate to "A Profile of the Executive Branch" (pages 273-280).

a. There are \_\_\_\_\_ (number) constitutional officers and each is elected for a \_\_\_\_\_-year (number) term.

b. The state's chief legal officer is the \_\_\_\_\_, who is elected on a partisan basis.

c. The \_\_\_\_\_ maintains various official state records.

d. The \_\_\_\_\_ may be called upon to take over the duties of the governor on a temporary or permanent basis.

e. The \_\_\_\_\_ has a number of responsibilities related to protecting and investing state moneys.

2. Many large departments are divided into subunits to handle their many activities. Number these from largest (1) to smallest (4) and give the title for the related administrator.

\_\_\_\_\_ unit, headed by \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_ bureau, headed by \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_ division, headed by \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_ section, headed by \_\_\_\_\_

3. How many independent agencies are there? \_\_\_\_\_

4. The governor is required by law to appoint various state officials (see pages 300-317).
- a. Name one member of the Natural Resources Board and give the date that person's term expires. \_\_\_\_\_
  - b. What compensation do the members of the Elections Board receive? \_\_\_\_\_
  - c. Name the individual currently serving as Secretary of the Department of Corrections.  
\_\_\_\_\_

5. According to state law, the governor may create nonstatutory committees as desired. Pages 289-299 list the special committees created or recreated by Governor Tommy G. Thompson and in existence on June 30, 1999.

- a. Name the commission created to study the state's preparedness for the Year 2000 (Y2K) computer questions. \_\_\_\_\_
- b. Name the special group established by the governor to study the merits and feasibility of expanding passenger rail service in Wisconsin. \_\_\_\_\_

6. In addition to the special committees created by the governor's executive orders, the governor also makes appointments to other committees and organizations that are listed on pages 285-288. Name the committee established to study the classification of criminal offenses in the criminal code, including the various penalties for felonies and misdemeanors.  
\_\_\_\_\_

7. The major portion of the Executive Branch section is devoted to the individual executive agencies, which are listed in alphabetical order. (Hint: The alphabetical index at the end of the book will also be helpful.)

- a. Find the Department of Commerce and answer the following questions:
    - 1. What is the title and name of the department head? \_\_\_\_\_
    - 2. Number of employees (The fraction in the number means some employees work part time.) \_\_\_\_\_
    - 3. Total budget for 1997-99 \_\_\_\_\_
    - 4. Location \_\_\_\_\_
  - b. What are the primary responsibilities of the Department of Financial Institutions?  
\_\_\_\_\_
  - c. Your older brother, who is a landscape architect, is moving to Wisconsin and wishes to become licensed in this state. Which agency would he contact?  
\_\_\_\_\_
  - d. Imagine you are establishing a business and are told by your attorney that you should form a corporation. What agency would you contact to file papers of incorporation?  
\_\_\_\_\_
  - e. You decide to run for the vacant assembly seat in your area. What agency would you contact regarding the filing of nomination papers and campaign finance reports?  
\_\_\_\_\_
  - f. George Meyer is secretary of what department? \_\_\_\_\_  
What are the major responsibilities of this department?  
\_\_\_\_\_
-

g. What are the major duties or responsibilities of the Division of Children and Family Services, located in the Department of Health and Family Services?

---

h. The Department of \_\_\_\_\_ helps the governor in the preparation of Wisconsin's biennial budget.

i. Who is the current president of the University of Wisconsin System?  
 \_\_\_\_\_ Name the university campus or two-year college that is closest to your home. \_\_\_\_\_

8. In addition to its large departments, the executive branch houses a variety of specialized agencies, such as state authorities and interstate agencies (pages 497-514). What interstate agency is responsible for Wisconsin's participation in the development of the Great River Road, the scenic route from Minnesota to the Gulf of Mexico? \_\_\_\_\_

9. What financing authority issues bonds on behalf of nonprofit health care, educational, and child care facilities to help them finance their capital costs? \_\_\_\_\_

### Judicial Branch (pages 515 to 554)

The state's judicial branch consists of a court system (composed of the supreme court, the court of appeals, circuit courts, and municipal courts) and the judicial service agencies.

1. The Wisconsin Supreme Court is the final authority on cases involving the state constitution and is the highest court to which a nonfederal question or issue can be appealed.

a. The supreme court consists of \_\_\_\_ (number) justices?

b. A justice is elected to a \_\_\_\_ -year term.

c. The justice with the most seniority usually serves as the \_\_\_\_ justice and assumes extra administrative duties for the state's court system. Who holds this position currently?  
 \_\_\_\_\_

2. The chief function of the court of appeals is to hear cases appealed from the circuit courts.

a. The state is divided into \_\_\_\_ (number) appellate districts.

b. The total number of appellate court judges is \_\_\_\_\_.

c. The length of term for a judge on the court of appeals is \_\_\_\_ (number) years.

3. Which courts handle most civil actions and criminal trials for violations of state law?  
 \_\_\_\_\_

4. List the names of one appellate and one circuit judge for your county.  
 \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_

5. What are the two ways a lawyer can get to be a judge in Wisconsin?  
 \_\_\_\_\_

6. Name the agency that is responsible for investigating a judge's alleged misconduct or permanent disability. \_\_\_\_\_

7. The State Bar of Wisconsin consists of all attorneys and judges who are eligible to practice law in Wisconsin courts. Name two responsibilities of the State Bar.

\_\_\_\_\_

8. Wisconsin cities, villages, or towns are authorized by the legislature to create courts which have jurisdiction over cases involving their ordinances. These are called \_\_\_\_\_ courts. Does state law require that the judges in these courts be lawyers? \_\_\_\_\_

9. What are the major responsibilities of the State Law Library?

\_\_\_\_\_

10. A summary of recent significant decisions by the supreme court and court of appeals is presented on pages 539-554.

a. What was the major constitutional issue decided in the school choice decision?

\_\_\_\_\_

b. What supreme court decision involved the searching of a high school student by a school liaison police officer? \_\_\_\_\_

**Statistics (pages 555-796)**

The *Blue Book* provides a detailed statistical picture of important (and sometimes unusual) facts about Wisconsin. These statistics cover a wide variety of topics. The questions below will help you sample the data covered in the Statistics section.

1. For the following questions, name the heading in the Statistics section where the following data will be found, e.g., fish and game licenses will be listed under Conservation and Recreation.

a. Name of your county board chairperson. \_\_\_\_\_

b. Number of American Indians in Wisconsin in 1990, according to the 1990 U.S. Census. \_\_\_\_\_

c. The amount of state tax revenue collected from sale of cigarettes in Wisconsin.

\_\_\_\_\_

d. Name of the newspaper in Turtle Lake. \_\_\_\_\_

e. Wisconsin's average monthly precipitation in August. \_\_\_\_\_

f. The year that Wisconsin elected its first woman to a statewide office.

\_\_\_\_\_

g. Number of motorcyclists who were not wearing a helmet when they were killed in a crash. \_\_\_\_\_

h. Name and address of the president of the Make-A-Wish Foundation of Wisconsin.

\_\_\_\_\_

2. What do you know about your county?

a. The name of the your county clerk. \_\_\_\_\_

b. The county seat. \_\_\_\_\_

c. Total land area in square miles. \_\_\_\_\_

d. Number of acres of conservation and recreation land. \_\_\_\_\_

e. Number of school dropouts in 1997-98. \_\_\_\_\_

- f. Number of banks. \_\_\_\_\_
- g. Number of farms. \_\_\_\_\_
- h. Property taxes levied in 1997. \_\_\_\_\_
- i. Population according to the U.S. Census. \_\_\_\_\_
- j. Number of official historical markers. \_\_\_\_\_

### Politics (pages 797-838)

The Political Parties section describes the organization of the major political parties, lists current party officials, and provides the text of the party platforms.

1. What are the main characteristics and functions of a political party?  
\_\_\_\_\_
2. Name the five political parties "recognized" under Wisconsin state law at the beginning of 1999.  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
3. Who is the state chairperson of the Republican Party of Wisconsin? \_\_\_\_\_
4. What is the basic organizational unit of the Democratic Party? \_\_\_\_\_
5. A declaration of the principles and policies adopted by a political party is called its \_\_\_\_\_.
6. What is the lowest level political party official recognized by state law? \_\_\_\_\_

### Elections (pages 839-932)

The Elections section covers such topics as how candidates are selected, what types of elections are conducted in Wisconsin, and what campaign finance requirements are imposed on candidates. It concludes with the vote totals in recent elections.

1. At what age are citizens eligible to vote in Wisconsin? \_\_\_\_\_
2. If you were eligible to vote where you now live, would you be required to register before voting? \_\_\_\_\_
3. When are elections for nonpartisan officials held? \_\_\_\_\_
4. What two regular elections are conducted in September and November of even-numbered years only? \_\_\_\_\_
5. If a voter expects to be away on vacation on an upcoming election day, is there an alternative to not voting? \_\_\_\_\_
6. What was the total district vote for your representative to the assembly in the November 3, 1998, election? (pages 882-884) \_\_\_\_\_
7. What is the name of your representative's opponent at that election? (If your representative ran "unopposed", write that in the blank.) \_\_\_\_\_
8. How many votes did the Democratic and Republican Party candidates for governor receive in your municipality on November 3, 1998? (pages 894-931) \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_ If your municipality’s vote totals are given by ward, what was the vote in your ward for each candidate? \_\_\_\_\_

9. How many candidates ran in the September 8, 1998, gubernatorial primary? (page 885)

\_\_\_\_\_

10. Who won the election for supreme court justice at the April 6, 1999, election? (page 851)

\_\_\_\_\_

11. On November 3, 1998, the voters approved a constitutional amendment that provided that the people of this state have the right to keep and bear arms for security, defense, hunting, recreation, or any other lawful purpose. What was the vote for and against this amendment proposal in your county? \_\_\_\_\_

12. Who was the winning candidate for United States Senator at the the November 3, 1998, election? \_\_\_\_\_ Who was the winning candidate in your county? \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

### Wisconsin State Symbols (pages 933-938)

Over the years, a growing number of state symbols have been officially recognized by state law. A number of them were initially suggested by students in Wisconsin schools.

1. What was the law that named the wood violet Wisconsin’s official flower?

\_\_\_\_\_

2. What is Wisconsin’s state motto? \_\_\_\_\_

3. Name one state symbol that school children are given credit for initiating. \_\_\_\_\_

4. What group proposed the official state dog? \_\_\_\_\_

5. What is Wisconsin’s official fish? \_\_\_\_\_

6. What is the official state tree? \_\_\_\_\_

7. a. What is the name of the official state insect? \_\_\_\_\_

b. What two groups requested the legislature to enact this proposal?

\_\_\_\_\_

c. Name another insect that was suggested as a possible state insect. \_\_\_\_\_

8. The official state domestic animal is the \_\_\_\_\_ and the particular breed of that animal that is honored in 2000 is the \_\_\_\_\_.

9. During legislative debate on certain measures proposing recent state symbols, the legislature has voiced conflicting views as to the need or usefulness of these symbols. What is your opinion on this issue? \_\_\_\_\_

### C. Researching Various Questions Using the 1999-2000 Blue Book

After completing parts A and B of this guide, you will have a better understanding of the organization of the 1999-2000 Wisconsin Blue Book and be able to answer a variety of questions at random, based on its contents.

1. What famous citizen of Wisconsin and a former U.S. Congressman served as President Bill Clinton's Secretary of Defense? \_\_\_\_\_

2. The total number of Wisconsin farms peaked at 199,877 in 1935. What was the total in 1999? \_\_\_\_\_

3. What state agency would be most likely to give assistance in the following cases?

a. A friend's family from Texas is planning to tour Wisconsin for the first time and asked for information (maps, brochures, etc.) concerning historic and scenic sites.

b. You have a campaign related question concerning your attempt to run for a seat in the Wisconsin Assembly. \_\_\_\_\_

c. An elderly neighbor wants to move to the Wisconsin Veterans Home at King.

d. A friend is trying to get information about unemployment compensation.

e. You want to order personalized license plates for your new automobile.

f. You are a retailer who wants to market lottery products for the state lottery.

g. A young teenage friend, who has severely impaired vision, needs to attend a special school.

h. After attending the Wisconsin State Fair in West Allis this past year, you have several suggestions about improving the displays at the fair. \_\_\_\_\_

i. You wish to visit several historic sites, including Old World Wisconsin, and you want to get a brochure on each site. \_\_\_\_\_

j. You are interested in information about camping in Newport State Park for your next summer vacation. \_\_\_\_\_

k. During your last trip to the local savings and loan office, you noticed that several employees from a state agency were conducting an annual examination, and you want to know more about their work. \_\_\_\_\_

4. Name the following individuals:

a. Secretary of the Department of Health and Family Services \_\_\_\_\_

b. State Cartographer \_\_\_\_\_

c. First Governor of Wisconsin \_\_\_\_\_

d. State Public Defender \_\_\_\_\_

e. Chairperson of the Public Service Commission \_\_\_\_\_

f. Your county board chairperson \_\_\_\_\_

5. The music for the state song "On Wisconsin" was originally composed as a football song for which state? \_\_\_\_\_

6. What is the name of the weekly newspaper in Waterloo? \_\_\_\_\_

7. Wisconsin currently operates 43 state parks. Name the largest state park and give the area as expressed in acres.

8. When and for what purpose was the Governor's Blue Ribbon Task Force on Aquaculture created?

9. What is the toll free number for the Wisconsin Legislative Hotline? \_\_\_\_\_

10. Give the name of the public library system that serves your county. \_\_\_\_\_

11. Name the UW College nearest to your home. \_\_\_\_\_

12. What is Wisconsin's largest lake? \_\_\_\_\_ How big is it? \_\_\_\_\_

13. Using different tables in the *Blue Book*, answer the following questions regarding the City of Richland Center in Richland County.

a. What year was it incorporated as a city? \_\_\_\_\_

b. What is the city's estimated 1998 population? \_\_\_\_\_

c. What is the city's ZIP code? \_\_\_\_\_

d. What is the name of the city's newspaper and what day is it published?

e. In what senate district and what assembly district is the city located? (pages 89-91)

f. Who is Richland Center's state senator and state representative?

g. How many votes did the major two candidates for governor receive at the November 3, 1998, election in Ward 1? \_\_\_\_\_

14. In 1998, 402 of the drivers killed on Wisconsin roads were tested for alcohol. How many of those tested had a blood alcohol content (BAC) of .10% or above, the level at which a person is considered to be legally intoxicated? \_\_\_\_\_

15. Assume your class is coming to Madison to study state government. To plan your trip, knowledge of the following would be helpful:

a. You wish to view the Wisconsin Legislature in session during the first floorperiod in 2000. When should you schedule your visit? \_\_\_\_\_

b. You want to visit your legislators' offices. You already know who your state senator and state representative are, but you need to locate the room number and telephone number of each. Where in the *Blue Book* would you look? \_\_\_\_\_

16. Media reporters can play an important part in democracy by informing the citizens about government activities and monitoring the actions of public officials.

a. Name two daily newspapers that have official correspondents covering the activities of the 1999 Wisconsin Legislature and list a reporter from each.

b. Identify one television and one radio station and their respective reporters who cover the 1999 Wisconsin Legislature for your area. (If there is no private station, you probably have access to public television or radio coverage, and their representatives are listed.)

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17. In what year was capital punishment abolished in Wisconsin? (Clue: This event took place during the Early Statehood period of Wisconsin's history.) \_\_\_\_\_

18. Although the Office of Lieutenant Governor was authorized in the 1848 Wisconsin Constitution, it was included only after considerable debate. What other officer was initially suggested to succeed the governor in place of the lieutenant governor? \_\_\_\_\_

19. In 1978, the first African-American person was elected to a constitutional office in Wisconsin. What was this individual's name and what was the office? \_\_\_\_\_

---

20. What is the name of the state park that is operated or managed locally?

---

## PART TWO – ACTIVITY SECTION

### A. Matching Exercise

Fill in the blank in column 1 with the proper response found in column 2.

#### Column 1

- \_\_\_ 1) State vote for Governor Tommy Thompson in 1998
- \_\_\_ 2) Elected governor in 1978
- \_\_\_ 3) Official state grain
- \_\_\_ 4) Majority leader of the assembly
- \_\_\_ 5) Minority leader of the senate
- \_\_\_ 6) Term of U.S. Representative to Congress
- \_\_\_ 7) Number of circuit court judges
- \_\_\_ 8) Number of pheasants harvested in 1998
- \_\_\_ 9) Total number of all types of Wisconsin airports in 1997
- \_\_\_ 10) Secretary of the Department of Tourism
- \_\_\_ 11) Supreme Court justice
- \_\_\_ 12) County with most farms (1998)
- \_\_\_ 13) State historian
- \_\_\_ 14) City with the fifth largest population (1998 estimate)
- \_\_\_ 15) State park with most visitors in 1998
- \_\_\_ 16) Number of Republicans in the 1999 Senate
- \_\_\_ 17) State park located 7 miles NW of Argyle CTH N
- \_\_\_ 18) Number of marriages in Wisconsin (1997)
- \_\_\_ 19) Wisconsin's Black voting age population (1990)
- \_\_\_ 20) Most senior member of Wisconsin's delegation to the U.S. Congress

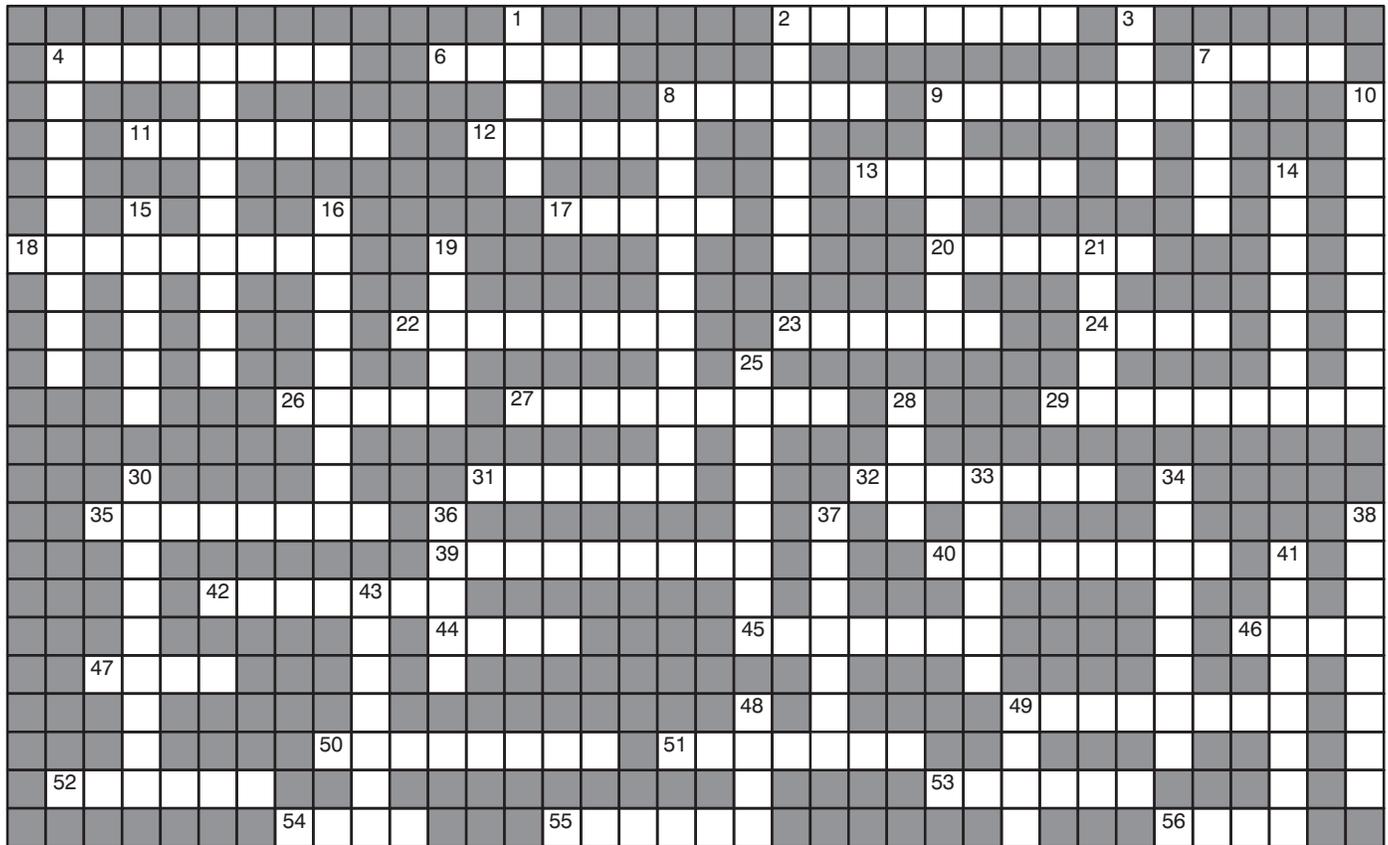
#### Column 2

- a) 162,567
- b) Yellowstone Lake
- c) 240
- d) David T. Prosser, Jr.
- e) Michael G. Ellis
- f) 49
- g) Marathon
- h) 35,546
- i) David R. Obey
- j) Devil's Lake
- k) wheat
- l) 16
- m) Menominee
- o) Racine
- p) corn
- q) Lee Sherman Dreyfus
- r) 146,442
- s) Richard Speros
- t) two years
- u) Steven M. Foti
- v) four years
- w) 1,047,716
- x) Michael E. Stevens
- y) 200,291
- z) 683

## B. CROSSWORD PUZZLES

### Counties Crossword

Complete the Counties Crossword Puzzle by filling in the counties which correspond to the county seats listed.



**Across**

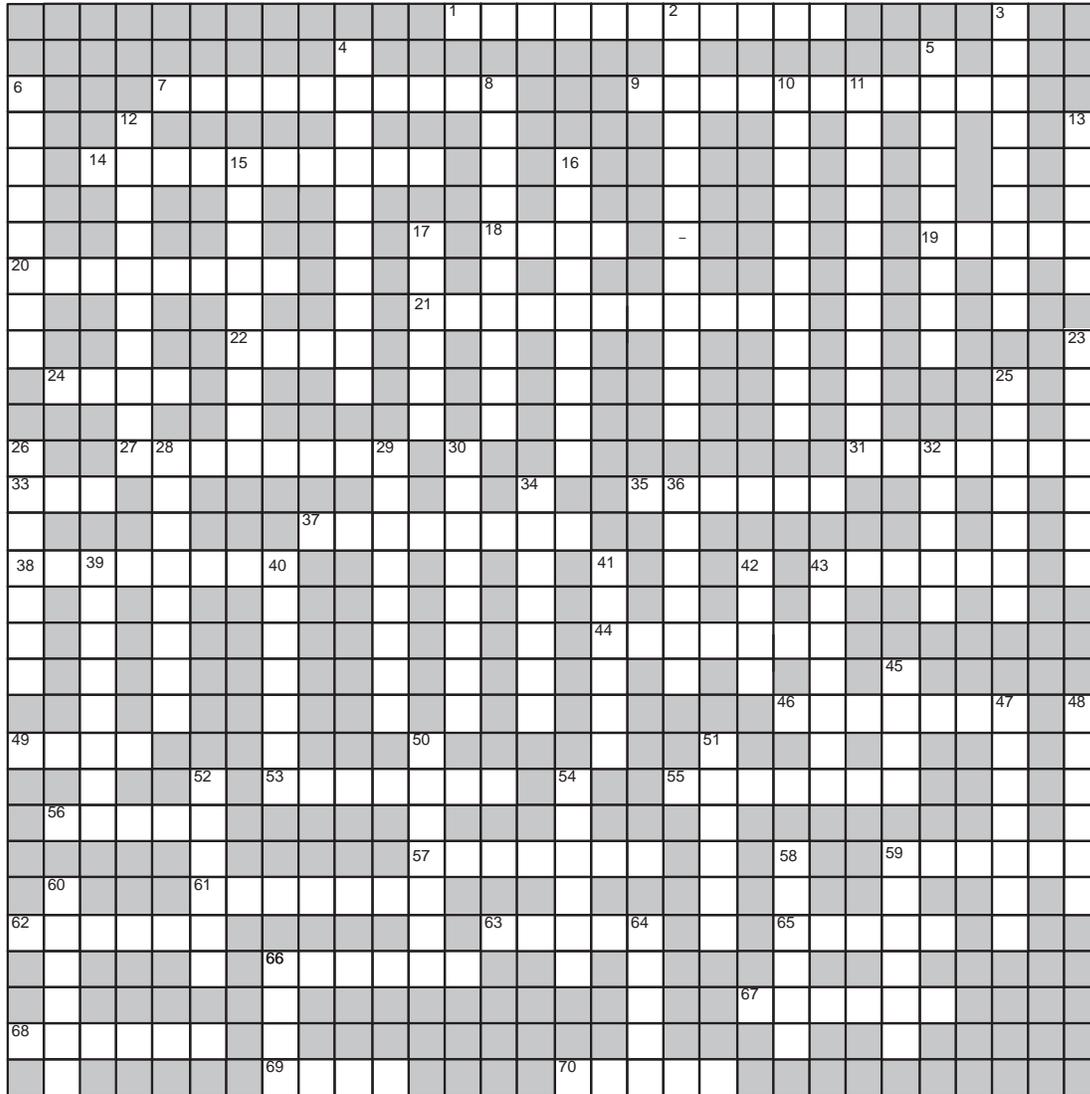
- 2. Chippewa Falls
- 4. Florence
- 6. Phillips
- 7. Balsam Lake
- 8. Medford
- 9. Antigo
- 11. Waupaca
- 12. Hayward
- 13. Sparta
- 17. Friendship
- 18. Appleton
- 20. Rhinelander
- 22. Portage
- 23. Racine
- 24. Madison
- 26. Monroe
- 27. Oshkosh
- 29. Keshena
- 31. Mauston
- 32. Alma
- 35. Richland Center
- 39. Darlington
- 40. Prairie du Chien
- 42. Kenosha
- 44. Janesville
- 45. Superior
- 46. Ladysmith
- 47. Menomonie
- 49. Elkhorn
- 50. Shell Lake
- 51. Meenon
- 52. Ellsworth
- 53. Oconto
- 54. Sturgeon Bay
- 55. Viroqua
- 56. Dodgeville

**Down**

- 1. Eagle River
- 2. Chilton
- 3. Lancaster
- 4. Fond du Lac
- 5. Eau Claire
- 7. Durand
- 8. Whitehall
- 9. Merrill
- 10. Montello
- 14. Black River Falls
- 15. Barron
- 16. Jefferson
- 19. Green Bay
- 21. Juneau
- 25. Washburn
- 28. Baraboo
- 30. Milwaukee
- 33. Crandon
- 34. Wausau
- 36. Neillsville
- 37. Port Washington
- 38. Waukesha
- 41. Wautoma
- 43. Shawano
- 48. Hurley
- 49. Wisconsin Rapids

### Legislators Crossword 1

Complete the Legislators Crossword Puzzle 1 by filling in the names of the legislators which correspond to their respective district numbers.



**Across**

- 1. 49th Assembly
- 7. 13th Senate
- 9. 7th Senate
- 14. 4th Assembly
- 18. 37th Assembly
- 19. 41st Assembly
- 20. 87th Assembly
- 21. 25th Assembly
- 22. 32nd Senate
- 24. 31st Senate
- 27. 91st Assembly
- 31. 55th Assembly
- 33. 3rd Assembly
- 35. 33rd Senate
- 37. 42nd Assembly

- 38. 52nd Assembly
- 43. 23rd Assembly
- 44. 36th Assembly
- 46. 30th Assembly
- 49. 23rd Senate
- 53. 84th Assembly
- 55. 74th Assembly
- 56. 82nd Assembly
- 57. 45th Assembly
- 59. 2nd Senate
- 61. 20th Assembly
- 62. 43rd Assembly
- 63. 17th Assembly
- 65. 73rd Assembly
- 66. 12th Senate

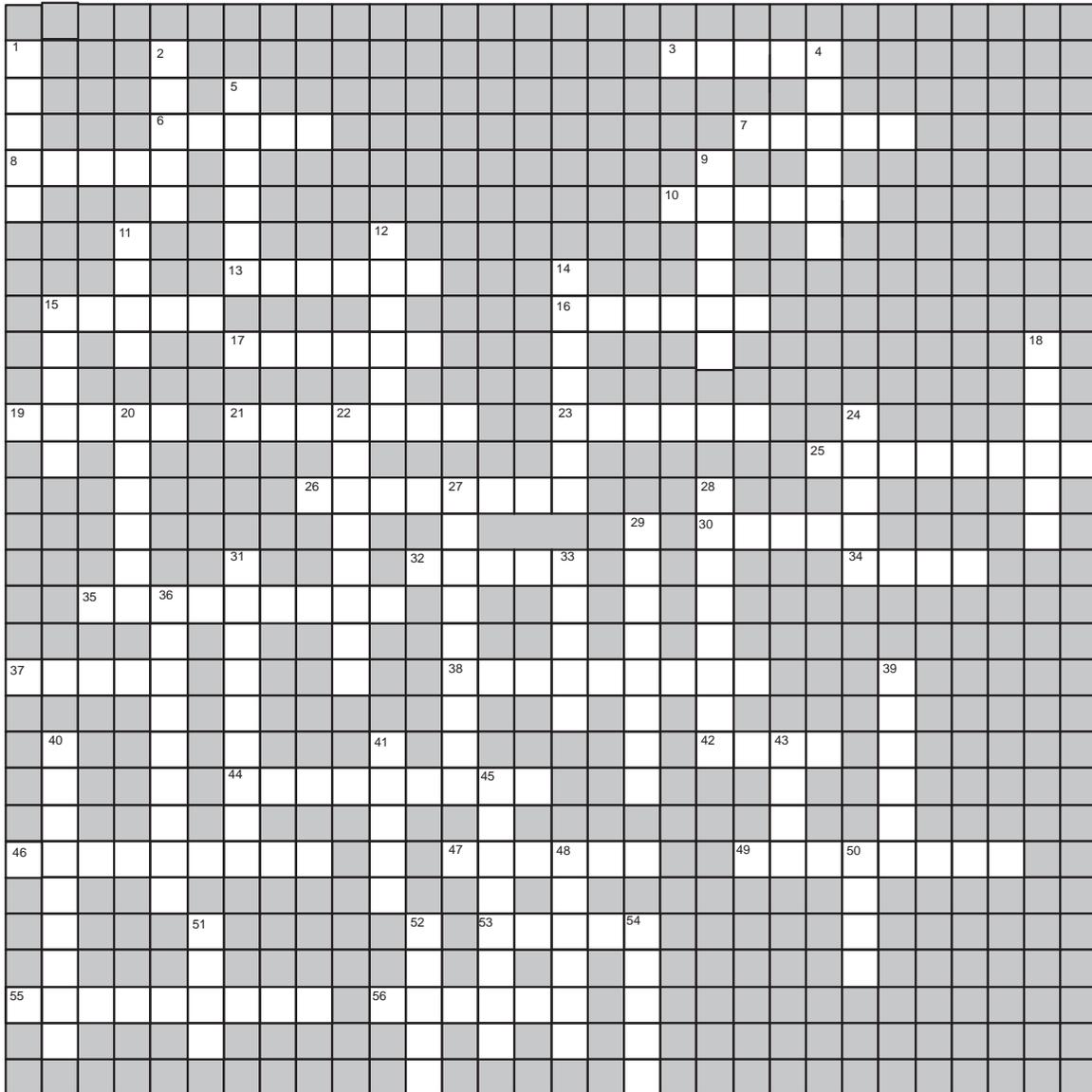
- 67. 29th Senate
  - 68. 20th Senate
  - 69. 12th Assembly
  - 70. 22nd Senate
- Down**
- 2. 11th Assembly
  - 3. 1st Assembly
  - 4. 5th Assembly
  - 5. 6th Assembly
  - 6. 19th Assembly
  - 8. 30th Senate
  - 10. 65th Assembly
  - 11. 40th Assembly
  - 12. 5th Senate
  - 13. 53rd Assembly
  - 15. 83rd Assembly

- 16. 9th Assembly
- 17. 28th Senate
- 23. 27th Assembly
- 25. 64th Assembly
- 26. 39th Assembly
- 28. 18th Senate
- 29. 79th Assembly
- 30. 10th Assembly
- 32. 99th Assembly
- 34. 76th Assembly
- 36. 50th Assembly
- 39. 57th Assembly
- 40. 8th Senate
- 41. 92nd Assembly
- 42. 38th Assembly

- 43. 26th Assembly
- 45. 47th Assembly
- 47. 17th Senate
- 48. 51st Assembly
- 50. 97th Assembly
- 51. 16th Senate
- 52. 32nd Assembly
- 54. 6th Senate
- 58. 75th Assembly
- 59. 13th Assembly
- 60. 58th or 62nd Assembly
- 64. 69th Assembly
- 66. 7th Assembly

### Legislators Crossword 2

Complete the Legislators Crossword Puzzle 2 by filling in the names of the legislators which correspond to their respective district numbers.



**Across**

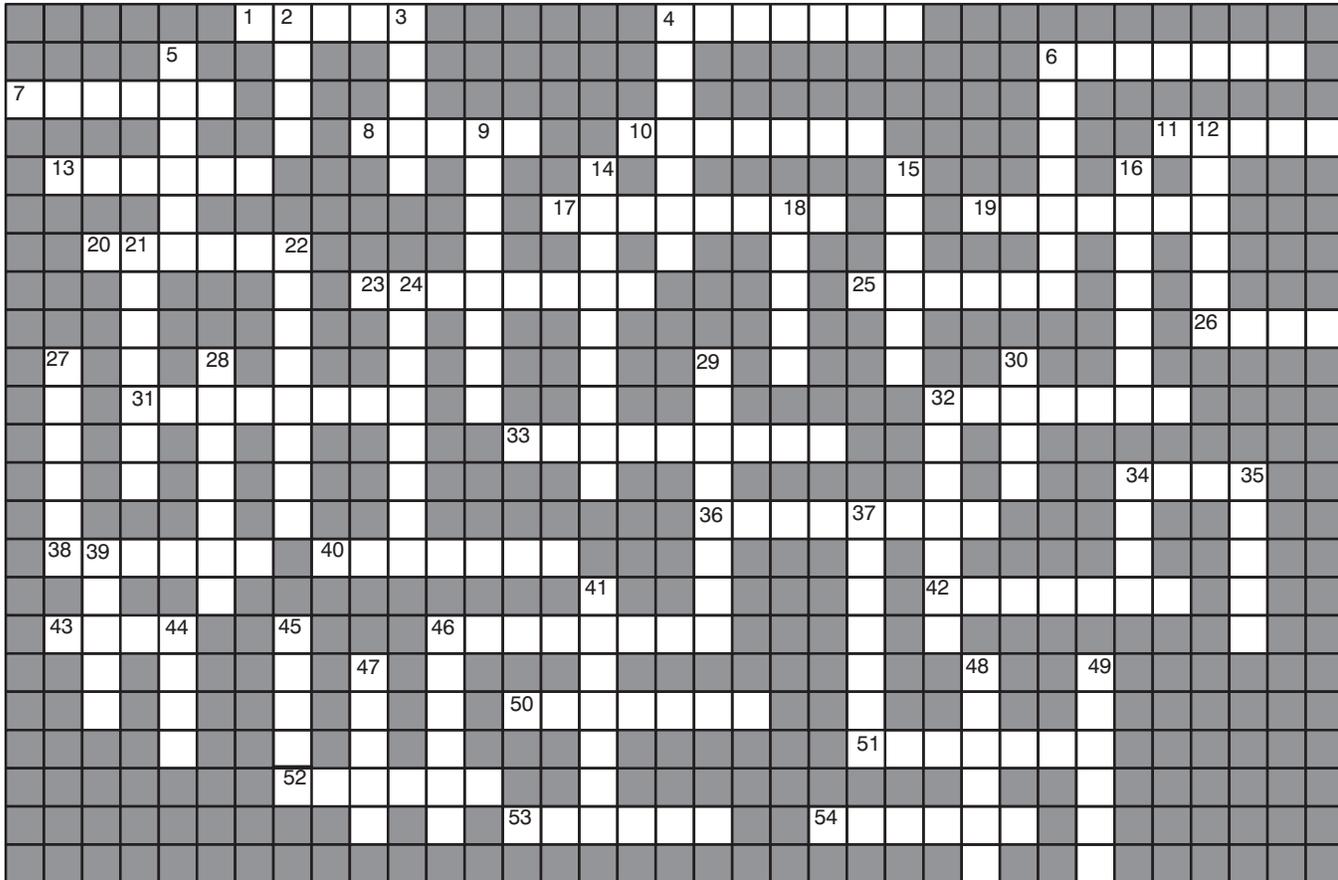
- 3. 68th Assembly
- 6. 77th Assembly
- 7. 16th Assembly
- 8. 2nd Assembly or 1st Senate
- 10. 33rd Assembly
- 13. 15th Senate
- 15. 4th Senate
- 16. 63rd Assembly
- 17. 26th Senate
- 19. 88th Assembly
- 21. 94th Assembly
- 23. 48th Assembly
- 25. 96th Assembly
- 26. 11th Senate
- 30. 71st Assembly
- 32. 25th Senate
- 34. 31st Assembly
- 35. 22nd Assembly
- 37. 14th Senate
- 38. 54th Assembly
- 42. 89th Assembly
- 44. 24th Senate
- 46. 24th Assembly
- 47. 28th Assembly
- 49. 34th Assembly
- 53. 3rd Senate
- 55. 27th Senate
- 56. 21st Senate

**Down**

- 1. 21st Assembly
- 2. 85th Assembly
- 4. 35th Assembly
- 5. 14th Assembly
- 9. 81st Assembly
- 11. 44th Assembly
- 12. 80th Assembly
- 14. 56th Assembly
- 15. 95th Assembly
- 18. 29th Assembly
- 20. 67th Assembly
- 22. 9th Senate
- 24. 78th Assembly
- 27. 15th Assembly
- 28. 10th Senate
- 29. 59th Assembly
- 31. 86th Assembly
- 33. 60th Assembly
- 36. 72nd Assembly
- 39. 66th Assembly
- 40. 70th Assembly
- 41. 18th Assembly
- 43. 90th Assembly
- 45. 93rd Assembly
- 48. 61st Assembly
- 50. 98th Assembly
- 51. 46th Assembly
- 52. 8th Assembly
- 54. 19th Senate

### Famous Citizens of Wisconsin Crossword

Fill in the people described. Pages 642-644 of the *Blue Book* provide the information needed to complete the puzzle.



**Across**

1. Pulitzer prize winning sports reporter with *New York Times*
4. Nobel prize winning physicist
6. Founder of the Green Bay Packers
7. Historian of the American frontier
8. First ordained woman minister in the United States
10. Surgeon and pioneer in radium cancer treatment
11. Industrialist who developed the steel rolling mill
13. Father and son governors involved in plumbing business
17. Brigadier General who was fervent advocate of a strong air force
19. Economist who drafted the Wisconsin's civil service law
20. UW-Madison president during the 1870s and 1880s
23. Coached 1st NFL team to win 3 consecutive championships
25. Academy award winning actor who died in 1993
26. First U.S. Secretary of Agriculture
31. Developed the first outboard motor designed for mass production
32. Magician and escape artist

**Down**

2. Naturalist who promoted the National Parks System
3. Farmer and governor
4. Devised butterfat content test
5. Director of *Citizen Kane*
6. Founder of Universal City Studios and major figure in growth of the motion picture industry
9. Multimillionaire businessman, congressman and governor
12. Philanthropist awarded the Presidential Medal of Freedom
14. Poet and author of several books on poetry
15. Wildlife artist and painter
16. Founder of wax company
18. U.S. Navy fleet admiral
21. Found first dinosaur egg in the Gobi Desert
22. Author of *The Wisconsin Idea*
24. Innovative painter awarded the Presidential Medal of Freedom (allow one space for apostrophe)

**Across**

33. Biochemist who produced Vitamin D in food by irradiation with ultraviolet light
34. Suffragist
36. Circus promoter
38. Political activist who served as U.S. Secretary of Interior
40. Industrial designer
42. Chairperson of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation
43. Aviator who received the Congressional Medal of Honor
46. Actress awarded Presidential Medal of Honor
50. First woman physician in Wisconsin
51. Author of Wisconsin stories
52. Instrumental in establishing military hospitals in the North during the Civil War
53. Founder of meat packing company
54. Wrote *The Theory of the Leisure Class*

**Down**

27. Developed first practical typewriter
28. Organized the Women's Christian Temperance Union
29. Pianist
30. Actor awarded the Presidential Medal of Freedom
32. War hero
34. Developer of agricultural implements
35. Won Academy Award for *Boys Town*
37. Wrote *Sand County Almanac*
39. Soldier posthumously awarded the Congressional Medal of Honor (Note: the name preceded by the word Red.)
41. Wrote *A Daughter of the Middle Border*
44. Wrote *Miss Lulu Bett*
45. Won Academy Award for *Best Years of our Lives*
46. Received 1925 Pulitzer Prize for the novel, *So Big*
47. Sculptor
48. Wrote *Little House on the Prairie*
49. Former artist-in-residence at UW-Madison

## C. MAP EXERCISES

### City and County Map Exercise

Use the county outline map on the following page to answer the following questions about cities and counties in Wisconsin.

1. Locate your own county on the map. Insert the name within its boundary and shade it in. Put a star where your county seat is located and a large dot where your home is.

2. Locate the counties that border your county and insert their names.

3. Put a circle on the map where you think the State Capitol is located. In what city is it located?

4. Indicate the following cities on the map using the corresponding letters rather than the names.

- a. Milwaukee
- b. Green Bay
- c. Janesville
- d. La Crosse
- e. Wisconsin Rapids
- f. Superior
- g. Eau Claire
- h. Rhinelander
- i. Oshkosh
- j. Platteville

If you have difficulty in locating the cities on the maps found in the *Blue Book*, use another map in your school or home. A state highway map would be very helpful.

5. On the map write the names of Wisconsin's four neighboring states.

City and County Map Exercise





**D. WORD PUZZLES****Cities and Villages Word Puzzle**

Can you find and circle the following names in the word puzzle below? A few of the names are placed either diagonally or backwards, and circles can overlap.

N	E	I	L	L	S	V	I	L	L	E	S	D	E	Y	D	N	A	N	D	F	G	H	S	Q	E	K	A	L	E	R	T	L	O	D	I
A	E	R	S	L	O	N	E	R	O	C	K	D	W	U	W	O	O	D	M	A	N	P	R	E	U	I	O	S	E	K	J	K	J	H	F
V	R	E	A	G	L	C	A	S	S	V	I	L	L	E	F	R	E	I	O	A	L	T	O	O	N	A	H	V	H	M	K	L	O	J	S
E	T	T	L	O	L	S	L	L	O	H	N	X	D	A	I	L	E	R	T	R	Q	W	E	R	T	Y	I	A	N	L	O	T	B	A	A
N	O	A	K	A	S	R	R	C	L	Q	D	U	J	B	S	E	W	I	N	T	E	R	R	T	Y	R	A	D	A	M	A	A	P	L	D
E	W	W	J	L	H	E	O	D	K	W	A	B	K	J	U	N	E	A	U	C	E	F	S	D	L	U	A	S	L	A	S	N	O	O	V
G	M	E	H	M	E	N	S	Y	J	A	L	Z	E	S	D	F	G	R	U	R	Y	T	R	L	A	I	S	F	K	S	E	I	D	O	L
E	S	T	G	A	T	S	X	S	A	R	L	F	L	L	K	J	D	M	D	E	F	B	A	E	I	R	I	A	R	P	N	U	S	K	G
K	K	I	S	O	A	E	E	M	S	A	F	S	K	O	I	L	B	W	X	F	R	F	W	E	D	R	E	L	J	T	O	S	I	E	D
A	I	H	V	H	H	R	B	I	D	E	V	X	J	W	E	E	S	D	U	F	R	G	L	K	D	O	D	G	E	V	I	L	L	E	E
L	D	W	B	K	S	D	A	T	R	A	I	C	S	A	R	W	E	L	D	A	N	E	H	K	O	E	A	S	E	R	G	H	J	I	O
W	O	R	E	G	O	N	D	S	E	I	A	T	E	L	R	T	B	A	V	I	O	L	A	U	O	W	N	I	O	T	O	M	A	H	U
A	U	V	R	H	I	N	O	L	A	N	D	E	A	X	A	E	R	O	L	J	P	A	L	R	L	E	O	P	L	E	I	O	I	U	K
T	T	R	E	K	L	N	P	N	W	O	L	N	W	E	L	E	O	A	E	F	U	B	N	S	A	R	K	I	E	L	T	G	N	O	E
E	M	A	E	A	S	D	O	E	E	P	D	R	O	P	I	B	A	S	W	D	R	O	J	U	Q	T	Q	A	A	D	D	F	G	H	W
R	U	B	D	S	D	T	N	I	N	O	A	E	A	K	A	M	N	D	M	W	M	E	I	P	W	Y	G	O	A	R	O	U	K	E	A
L	N	C	S	A	H	D	E	O	E	M	U	M	D	R	E	N	D	T	A	L	I	F	S	E	E	L	O	A	S	A	A	S	L	P	U
O	G	E	B	G	S	K	O	H	L	E	R	N	A	E	C	B	O	U	R	S	O	P	O	R	E	I	C	A	S	W	A	D	A	S	N
O	E	A	U	A	F	L	R	F	R	P	T	B	E	R	I	O	L	I	I	D	N	R	T	I	T	O	I	A	Y	Y	A	M	W	E	E
F	E	O	R	Y	S	J	B	G	A	Y	S	M	I	L	L	S	P	O	O	S	O	O	O	Y	P	R	N	O	A	I	S	R	H	E	
A	T	A	G	M	O	A	K	F	I	E	L	D	S	D	O	E	H	H	N	P	T	H	P	R	P	A	O	S	A	H	B	C	O	T	S
S	I	L	M	A	W	R	S	L	G	V	E	R	O	N	A	T	K	L	N	P	I	T	O	A	R	T	E	R	O	M	I	N	N	E	F

**Cities**

Alma  
Altoona  
Ashland  
Baraboo  
Cumberland  
Dodgeville  
Fennimore  
Hayward  
Jefferson  
Juneau  
Kewaunee  
Kiel  
Lake Geneva  
Lodi

Marion  
Monroe  
Neillsville  
Oconto  
Reedsburg  
Stoughton  
Sun Prairie  
Superior  
Thorp  
Tomah  
Verona  
Waterloo  
Whitewater

**Villages**

Biron  
Cassville  
Dane  
Eagle  
Fall River  
Gays Mills  
Iola  
Kohler  
Lone Rock  
Maple Bluff  
Norwalk  
Oakfield  
Oregon

Potosi  
Rio  
Tony  
Viola  
Winter  
Woodman

### Wisconsin Recreation Areas Word Puzzle

Can you find the following names in the word puzzle? For information on these, and other state parks, forests, recreation areas and trails, refer to the table on state parks found in the *Blue Book*.

M	I	L	I	T	A	R	Y	R	I	D	G	E	T	R	A	I	L	R	E	M
B	E	A	B	L	U	E	M	O	U	N	D	B	O	J	I	B	W	A	I	J
I	W	R	E	S	D	O	O	W	S	U	I	C	U	L	C	I	D	L	S	C
G	E	T	R	A	I	L	B	E	N	O	T	S	W	O	L	L	E	Y	G	M
B	S	O	N	I	A	T	N	U	O	M	B	I	R	D	P	U	N	L	N	L
A	D	L	L	F	C	O	P	P	E	T	F	Z	C	N	I	N	I	I	I	Y
Y	O	D	L	L	C	K	Y	P	M	N	R	A	I	R	K	W	A	A	R	E
R	O	B	R	A	Y	K	C	O	R	O	T	Z	N	O	E	O	R	R	P	W
A	W	A	E	M	F	I	R	H	C	M	P	T	N	H	L	T	O	T	S	E
S	S	Y	D	B	O	R	N	H	O	L	W	A	J	K	A	E	M	R	Z	D
N	U	R	L	E	M	Z	E	U	K	E	L	L	O	C	K	A	E	A	I	N
O	R	G	M	A	G	A	N	P	H	B	G	A	I	U	E	G	L	D	D	O
G	A	O	A	U	C	T	L	P	P	L	A	N	F	B	D	D	T	E	A	S
E	L	V	K	R	A	G	T	F	O	O	O	R	I	I	V	O	T	C	C	L
K	G	E	I	I	R	C	N	Z	D	T	C	N	R	S	R	H	E	D	N	E
E	W	R	N	V	O	I	W	O	A	I	A	B	E	R	U	K	K	E	W	N
K	E	N	N	E	C	R	V	C	B	P	L	W	E	W	A	L	W	R	O	R
A	N	O	I	R	K	Z	E	E	Y	A	E	P	A	L	P	P	A	A	T	O
L	Z	R	C	K	I	P	I	E	R	C	A	N	R	T	O	O	I	Y	N	N
S	U	D	K	E	S	N	V	U	L	T	D	O	I	R	O	S	R	W	W	R
L	B	O	I	K	L	E	T	A	T	S	R	E	T	N	I	M	O	T	O	E
I	D	D	N	A	A	A	F	I	L	R	C	A	K	A	S	B	I	K	R	V
V	E	G	N	L	N	R	S	G	I	I	L	C	I	J	E	U	N	B	B	O
E	V	E	I	N	D	O	J	M	P	F	F	F	U	L	B	L	L	I	M	G
D	Y	G	C	H	N	M	L	I	A	R	T	E	E	P	A	N	H	A	I	L

Ahnapee Trail  
 Aztalan  
 Big Bay  
 Blue Mound  
 Bong  
 Browntown-Cadiz Springs  
 Buckhorn  
 Copper Falls  
 Devils Lake  
 First Capitol-Belmont Mound

Governor Dodge  
 Governor Nelson  
 Interstate  
 Kettle Moraine  
 Kinnickinnic  
 Lake Kegonsa  
 Merrick  
 Military Ridge Trail  
 Mill Bluff  
 Mirror Lake

Natural Bridge  
 Nelson Dewey  
 New Glarus Woods  
 Newport  
 Ojibwa  
 Pattison  
 Pecatonica Trail  
 Peninsula  
 Perrot  
 Pike Lake

Potawatomi  
 Red Cedar Trail  
 Rib Mountain  
 Roche A Cri  
 Rock Island  
 Rocky Arbor  
 Sugar River Trail  
 Wildcat Mountain  
 Wyalusing  
 Yellowstone

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## PART THREE – STUDY GUIDE ANSWER KEY

### PART ONE – USING THE *BLUE BOOK*

#### A. An Overview of the Book

1. Pages vi-xi
2. a. Biographies; 1
- b. Feature Article; 99
- c. Wisconsin Constitution; 149
- d. Framework of Wisconsin State Government; 201
- e. Legislative Branch; 211
- f. Executive Branch; 271
- g. Judicial Branch; 515
- h. Statistical Information on Wisconsin; 555
- i. Wisconsin Political Parties; 797
- j. Elections in Wisconsin; 839
- k. Wisconsin State Symbols; 933
- l. Alphabetical Index; 939
3. a. page 45
- b. page 10
- c. page 13
- d. page 6
4. a. pages 272, 300-17, 516
- b. page 338
- c. pages 894-931
- d. pages 721-24
- e. page 269

#### B. Questions Grouped by *Blue Book* Sections

##### Biographies (pages 1-98)

1. James E. Doyle
2. Senator Herbert Kohl and Senator Russell Feingold. Both are Democrats.
3. 9; 5 Democrats, 4 Republicans; various answers
4. Assembly Sergeant at Arms Denise L. Solie; Senate Sergeant at Arms Jon H. Hochkammer
5. a. 25th Senate District
- b. 36th Assembly District

- c. East
- 6. Various answers
- 7. Superintendent of Public Instruction
- 8. Senator Fred Risser; Representative Scott Jensen
- 9. Chief Justice Shirley S. Abrahamson

**Feature Article (pages 99-148)**

- 1. "Ten Events That Shaped Wisconsin's History", Norman K. Risjord
- 2. Wisconsin glacier
- 3. James Duane Doty
- 4. Cheese
- 5. *The Wisconsin Idea*
- 6. He was a runaway slave. Sherman Booth and a mob helped him escape from jail.
- 7. 1840
- 8. It was light, soft and easily worked by carpenters
- 9. A northwest passage leading to the Pacific Ocean and China

**Wisconsin Constitution (pages 175-224)**

- 1. 14.
- 2. 18; qualified
- 3. April 1972
- 4. a. Article IV, Section 4
  - b. Article V, Section 10
  - c. Article I, Section 3
  - d. Article XIII, Section 12
  - e. Article X, Section 1
  - f. Article XI, Section 3
  - g. Article XII, Section 1
- 5. Amendments; referenda
- 6. April 1999; yes
- 7. 51
- 8. April 1993; gambling

**Framework of Wisconsin Government (pages 201-210)**

- 1. 1 West Wilson Street; 11
- 2. 816 State Street; 30 N. Carroll Street
- 3. a. governor; legislature; supreme court

- b. executive
  - c. Employee Trust Funds and Veterans Affairs
  - d. independent; various answers
  - e. Office of the Commissioner of Insurance
  - f. nonprofit
- 4. 1,265; board; 3
  - 5. 190; 395
  - 6. 426; school board

**Legislative Branch (pages 211-270)**

- 1. a. 49,412
  - b. various answers
  - c. 148,235
  - d. various answers
- 2. Senator Richard Grobschmidt and Representative Luther Olsen
- 3. a. Revisor of Statutes Bureau
  - b. Legislative Reference Bureau
  - c. Joint Legislative Council
  - d. Legislative Audit Bureau
  - e. Legislative Fiscal Bureau
  - f. Legislative Technology Services Bureau
- 4. a. 30 (11 senators and 19 representatives)
  - b. 46
  - c. 21
  - d. 1989
  - e. 15
  - f. 37
  - g. 23
- 5. a. Senator Chuck Chvala
  - b. Senator Michael Ellis
  - c. Representative Steven Foti
  - d. Representative Shirley Krug
- 6. \$41,809; various answers
- 7. a. 62
  - b. 1

- 8. a. bill drafting
- b. fiscal note
- c. enrolled; governor
- d. house of origin; two-thirds
- e. Laws of Wisconsin
- f. Document Sales, Wisconsin Department of Administration, 202 South Thornton Avenue, P.O. Box 7840, Madison 53707-7840 or call (608) 266-3358.

9. a. 1997 Wisconsin Act 239

    b. 1997 Wisconsin Act 27

    c. 1997 Wisconsin Act 191

    d. 1997 Wisconsin Act 335

    e. 1997 Wisconsin Act 27

10. The committee studies issues relating to school discipline and safety with goals of developing effective strategies for reducing violence and disruption in schools (page 249).

**Executive Branch (pages 271-514)**

1. a. 6; 4-year

    b. attorney general

    c. secretary of state

    d. lieutenant governor

    e. state treasurer

2. 4, 2, 1, 3; division administrator, bureau director, section chief, unit supervisor

3. 13

4. a. various answers (page 310)

    b. \$25 per day

    c. Jon E. Litscher

5. a. Governor's Blue Ribbon Commission on Year 2000 Preparedness

    b. Governor's Blue Ribbon Task Force on Passenger Rail Service

6. Criminal Penalties Study Committee

7. a. 1. Secretary Brenda J. Blanchard

    2. 422.65 employees

    3. \$394,641,000

    4. 201 West Washington Avenue, Madison

b. Various answers on page 375

c. Department of Regulation and Licensing

- d. Department of Financial Institutions
  - e. Elections Board
  - f. Department of Natural Resources; various answers on page 415
  - g. Various answers on page 383
  - h. Department of Administration
  - i. Katharine Lyall; various answers
8. Mississippi River Parkway Commission
  9. Wisconsin Health and Education Facilities Authority

**Judicial Branch (pages 515-554)**

1. a. 7
- b. 10
- c. chief; Chief Justice Shirley S. Abrahamson
2. a. 4
- b. 16
- c. 6
3. circuit courts
4. Various answers
5. Elected; appointed by the governor
6. Judicial Commission
7. Various answers on page 535
8. municipal; no
9. Various answers on page 534
10. a. The supreme court ruled it is constitutional to use state funds for providing vouchers to parents wishing to send their children to private sectarian (religious) schools.
- b. *State v. Angelia D.B.*, 211 Wis. 2d 140 (1997)

**Statistics (pages 555-796)**

1. a. Local and State Government
- b. Population and Vital Statistics
- c. Commerce and Industry
- d. News Media
- e. Geography and Climate
- f. History
- g. Transportation
- h. Associations

- 2. a. Page 684
- b. Page 682
- c. Page 682
- d. Page 596
- e. Page 604
- f. Page 588
- g. Page 562
- h. Page 781
- i. Page 682
- j. Pages 645-50

**Politics (pages 797-838)**

- 1. Pages 798-99
- 2. Democratic; Wisconsin Greens; Libertarian; Republican; U.S. Taxpayers
- 3. Richard Graber
- 4. The county organization
- 5. Party platform
- 6. Party committeewoman or committeeman

**Elections (pages 839-932)**

- 1. 18
- 2. Voter registration is required for every municipality with a population of more than 5,000 and may be adopted by local ordinance in smaller municipalities.
- 3. In February (spring primary) and April (spring election) of any year.
- 4. The elections for partisan offices are the primary election (held in September) and the general election (held in November).
- 5. Absentee ballots may be obtained in advance from the appropriate municipal clerk's office.
- 6. Pages 882-84
- 7. Pages 882-84
- 8. Pages 894-931
- 9. 9
- 10. Shirley S. Abrahamson
- 11. Page 847
- 12. Russ Feingold; various answers on page 858

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**Wisconsin State Symbols (pages 933-938)**

1. Chapter 218, Laws of 1949
2. "Forward"
3. Various answers
4. Washington Junior High School, New London
5. Muskellunge
6. Sugar maple
7. a. Honey bee  
b. Holy Family School of Marinette and the Wisconsin Honey Producers Association  
c. Monarch butterfly, dragon fly, ladybug, or mosquito
8. Dairy cow; Guernsey
9. Various opinions

**C. Researching Various Questions Using the 1999-2000 Blue Book**

1. Les Aspin
2. 78,000
3. a. Department of Tourism  
b. Elections Board  
c. Department of Veterans Affairs  
d. Department of Workforce Development  
e. Department of Transportation  
f. Department of Revenue  
g. Department of Public Instruction  
h. State Fair Park Board  
i. State Historical Society of Wisconsin  
j. Department of Natural Resources  
k. Department of Financial Institutions
4. a. Joseph Leean  
b. Theodore Koch  
c. Nelson Dewey  
d. Nicholas L. Chiarkas  
e. Ave Bie  
f. Various answers
5. Minnesota
6. *The Courier*

- 7. Devil's Lake, 9,907 acres.
- 8. May 21, 1998; study the aquaculture industry in Wisconsin
- 9. (800) 362-9472
- 10. Various answers on page 615
- 11. Various answers on page 477
- 12. Lake Winnebago; 137,708 acres
- 13. a. 1887
  - b. 5,140
  - c. 53581
  - d. *The Richland Observer*; Thursday
  - e. 17th Senate District; 50th Assembly District
  - f. Senator Dale Schultz; Representative Sheryl Albers
  - g. Thompson-101; Garvey-51
- 14. 140 tested positive
- 15. a. January 25 – February 10, 2000
  - b. The Biographies section has the pertinent information for every legislator.
- 16. a. Page 220
  - b. Page 220
- 17. 1853 (page 633)
- 18. President of the Senate (page 318)
- 19. Vel Phillips, Secretary of State
- 20. Copper Culture

**ANSWERS TO PART TWO – ACTIVITY SECTION**

**A. Matching Exercise**

- |         |         |
|---------|---------|
| 1. (w)  | 11. (d) |
| 2. (q)  | 12. (g) |
| 3. (p)  | 13. (x) |
| 4. (u)  | 14. (o) |
| 5. (e)  | 15. (j) |
| 6. (t)  | 16. (l) |
| 7. (c)  | 17. (b) |
| 8. (y)  | 18. (h) |
| 9. (z)  | 19. (r) |
| 10. (s) | 20. (i) |

**B. Crossword Puzzles**

The completed crossword puzzles are found on pages 38 to 41.









### C. MAP EXERCISES

#### City and County Map Exercise



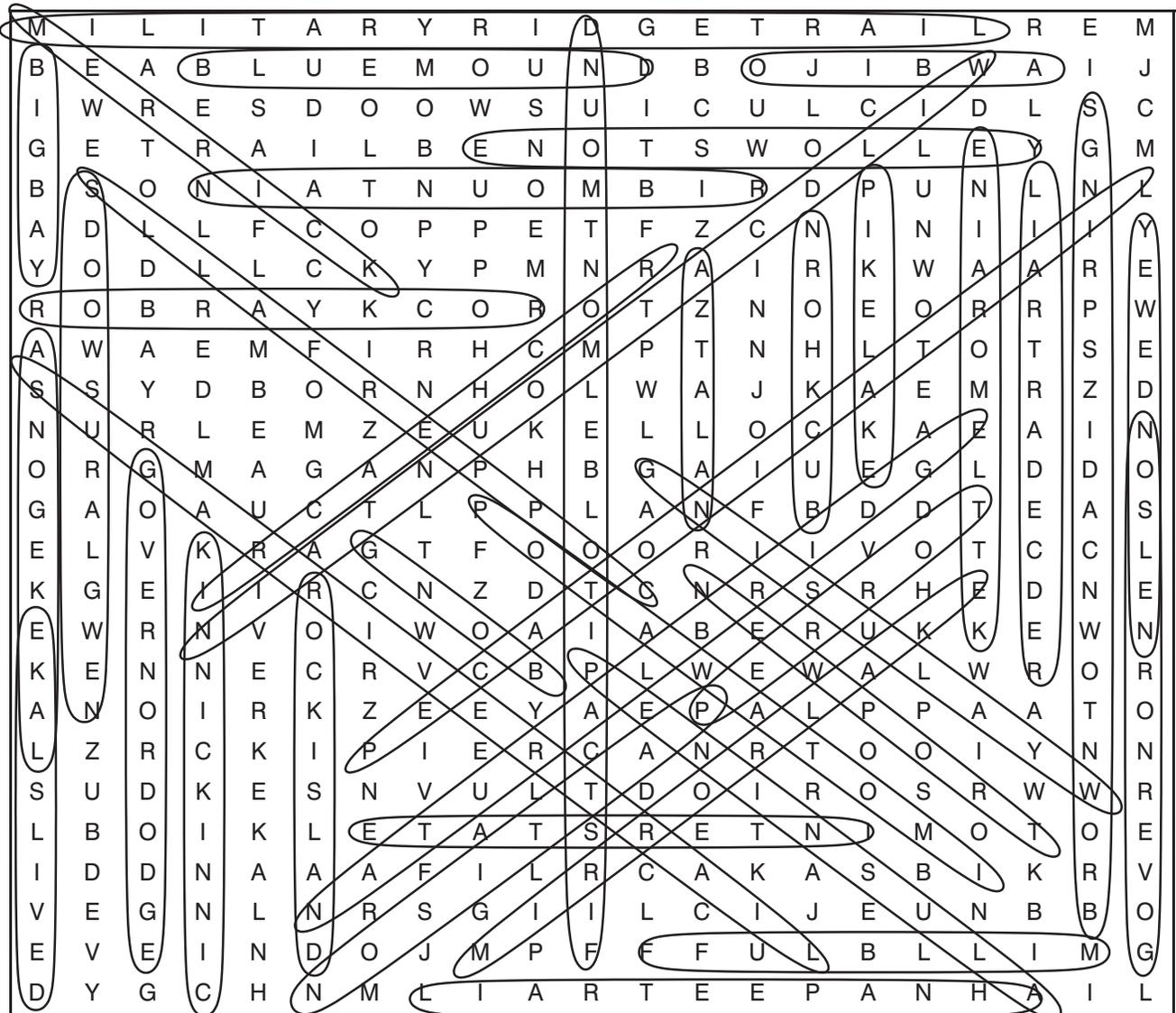
#### State Senate District Map Exercise

The legislative district maps of the state or parts thereof are found on pages 89-91 of the *Blue Book*. Individual senate and assembly district maps are found in the biography section. If questions arise as the actual composition of any senate or assembly district, students can contact the Legislative Hotline at (800) 362-9472.

**D. WORD PUZZLES**

NEILLSVILLE SDEYDNAND DFGHSQEKA LERTLODI  
AERS LONEROCK DWU WOODMAN PREUIOSE KJKJHF  
VREAGL CASSVILLE FREIO ALTOONA HVHMKLOJS  
ET TLOLSLLO OHNXDA ILERTRQWERTY IANLOTBAA  
NOAKA ASRRCL QDUJB SE WINTER RTYRADAMAAPLD  
EW WJLHEODKWABK JUNEAD CEFSDLUASLASNOOV  
GMEHMENS YJALZES DFGRURY TRLAISFKSEIDOL  
ESTGATS XSARLFL LKJDMDEF BAEIRIARPNUS KG  
KKI SOAEEMSA FSKOIL BWXFR FREDRELJTOSIED  
AIHVHHR BIDEV XJWEES DFRGLK OODGEVILLE E  
LD W BKSDATRA IC SARWEL DANE HKOEASERGHJIO  
W OREGON DSEIATEL RTBA VIOLA UOWNI OTOMAH U  
AUVR HINOLANDE AXAEROL JPALR LEOPLEIOIUK  
TTREK LNPNWOLN WELEO AEFUBNS ARKIED TGNOE  
EMAEAS D O EEP DROPIBAS WDROJ UQT Q A A D D F G H W  
RUB D S D T N I N O A E A K A M N D M W M E I P W Y G O A R O U K E A  
L N C S A H D E O E M U M D R E N D T A L I F S E E L O A S A A S L P U  
O G E B G S K O H L E R N A E C B O U R S O P O R E I C A S W A D A S N  
O E A U A F L R F R P T B E R I O L I I D N R T I T O I A Y Y A M W E E  
F E O R Y S J B G A Y S M I L L S P O O S O C O Y P R N O A I S R H E  
A T A G M O A K F I E L D S D O E H H N P T H P R P A O S A H B C O T S  
S I L M A W R S L G V E R O N A T K L N P I T O A R T E R O M I N N E F

**CITIES AND VILLAGES WORD PUZZLE**



WISCONSIN RECREATION AREAS WORD PUZZLE

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We hope that you find this study guide a useful resource in teaching Wisconsin state government. To help us meet your needs more fully, we would appreciate receiving your answers to the following questions:

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Please return your response to Gary Watchke, Legislative Reference Bureau, 100 North Hamilton Street, P.O. Box 2037, Madison, Wisconsin 53701-2037. Telephone: (608) 266-0345.

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# Selected Legislative Reference Bureau Publications

## Research Bulletins

- RB-91-1 Chippewa Off-Reservation Treaty Rights: Origins and Issues. December 1991  
RB-97-1 The Evolution of Legalized Gambling in Wisconsin. September 1997  
RB-98-1 Summary of the 1997-98 Wisconsin Legislative Session 1997 Wisconsin Acts 1 to 338. August 1998

## Informational Bulletins

- IB-94-1 Use of Midlevel Practitioners for Primary Care. September 1994  
IB-94-2 An Overview of AFDC in Wisconsin. September 1994  
IB-95-1 Capital Punishment in Wisconsin and the Nation. April 1995  
IB-95-2 Right to Die Issues. April 1995  
IB-95-3 School Choice in Wisconsin. May 1995  
IB-95-5 "Let the People Decide" — Initiative and Referendum in Wisconsin. October 1995  
IB-96-1 Stadium Finance: Government's Role in the 1990s. January 1996  
IB-96-2 Historic Preservation Legislation in Wisconsin. February 1996  
IB-96-3 Funding State and Federal Mandates. April 1996  
IB-96-4 Sex Crimes and Penalties in Wisconsin. August 1996  
IB-96-5 Wisconsin's Role in Electing the President. August 1996  
IB-96-6 Wisconsin Firearms Laws and the Gun Control Debate. October 1996  
IB-96-7 1997 Fiscal Estimate Manual. November 1996  
IB-97-1 Legislative Reference Bureau Analysis of the 1997-99 Governor's Executive Budget Bill. February 1997  
IB-98-1 Special and Extraordinary Sessions of the Wisconsin Legislature. March 1998  
IB-98-3 The Regulation of Land Use. September 1998  
IB-98-5 Ask the LRB. November 1998  
IB-98-6 Urban Rail Transit. December 1998  
IB-99-1 Members of the Wisconsin Legislature 1848 – 1999. September 1999  
IB-99-2 A Study Guide to the 1999-2000 Wisconsin Blue Book. October 1999

## Wisconsin Briefs

- Brief 94-1 Current Status of Synthetic BST. February 1994  
Brief 94-2 Motorcycle Safety. February 1994  
Brief 94-5 Telecommunications Regulation and the Information Superhighway. May 1994  
Brief 95-3 The Minimum Drinking Age in Wisconsin. January 1995  
Brief 95-5 Torts and Damages: The Civil Justice Reform Issue. February 1995  
Brief 97-2 The Regulation of the Sale and Use of Tobacco in Wisconsin. January 1997  
Brief 98-1 State Agencies, Offices, Boards and Councils Created, Abolished or Altered by 1997 Wisconsin Act 27 (The Executive Budget). January 1998  
Brief 98-2 Takings: Balancing Public Interest and Private Property Rights. April 1998  
Brief 98-3 Executive Vetoes of Bills Passed by the 1997 Wisconsin Legislature From January 6, 1997, Through April 24, 1998. April 1998  
Brief 98-4 Wisconsin Works (W-2), AFDC and TANF: Comparisons and Contrasts in Welfare Assistance. April 1998  
Brief 98-5 Wisconsin's Sister States and Sister Cities. June 1998  
Brief 98-6 Worker Protection Laws in Wisconsin. July 1998  
Brief 98-7 Candidates: Primary Election, September 8, 1998. August 1998  
Brief 98-8 Guide to Researching Wisconsin Legislation. August 1998  
Brief 98-9 Candidates: General Election, November 3, 1998. September 16, 1998  
Brief 98-10 Constitutional Amendments to be Considered by the Wisconsin Voters, November 3, 1998. September 1998  
Brief 98-11 Wisconsin's Clean Indoor Air Act and Other Smoking and Tobacco Regulation. September 1998  
Brief 98-12 State Agencies, Boards, Councils and Commissions Created, Abolished or Altered by the 1997-98 Wisconsin Legislature 1997 Wisconsin Acts 1-338. September 1998  
Brief 98-13 Constitutional Amendments Given "First Consideration" Approval by the 1997 Wisconsin Legislature. October 1998  
Brief 98-14 1999-2000 Wisconsin State Officers. November 1998. Revised May 12, 1999  
Brief 98-15 Milwaukee School Choice Voucher Program: An Update. Revised December 10, 1998  
Brief 99-1 Profile of the 1999 Wisconsin Legislature As of January 4, 1999. January 1999  
Brief 99-2 Brief Biographies 1999 Wisconsin Officers. January 1999. Revised May 12, 1999  
Brief 99-3 Executive Budget Bills Enacted by the Wisconsin Legislature, 1931-1997. January 1999  
Brief 99-4 Turnover in the Wisconsin Legislature January 1963 – January 1999. January 1999  
Brief 99-5 Wisconsin Women Legislators -- A Historical List. February 1999  
Brief 99-6 Constitutional Amendments to be Considered by the Wisconsin Voters, April 6, 1999. March 1999  
Brief 99-7 Abortion Laws in Wisconsin. August 1999  
Brief 99-8 Introducing Wisconsin. September 1999

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